



### SARAH VAUGHAN Vol.3

#### 'Come Rain Or Come Shine' Original Recordings 1949-1953

Throughout jazz history, there have been many talented singers, ranging from Louis Armstrong (who defined jazz singing), Bessie Smith and Billie Holiday to Anita O'Day, Joe Williams, Mel Torme, Dee Dee Bridgewater and Kurt Elling. To many, Ella Fitzgerald was the perfect jazz singer, always being in-tune, swinging and interpreting lyrics with joy. One of the few other vocalists who deserve to be in the same sentence with Ella is Sarah Vaughan, whose voice was so tremendous that it deserves its own category.

When listening to a Sarah Vaughan record, it is difficult not to want to exclaim 'What a voice!' Her range was very wide, her tone was consistently beautiful and she had the ability to do anything she wanted with her instrument. In addition, she was one of the first singers to really understand bebop, resulting in modern phrasing and an adventurous choice of notes, even when she was heard in a commercial pop setting.

Sassy (Sarah Vaughan's lifelong nickname) was born 27 March 1924 in Newark, New Jersey. She received training as a pianist and occasionally in later years would play piano for a song or two in public. In addition, she sang in church and her brilliance was obvious from an early age. In 1943 the teenage Vaughan won an amateur contest at the Apollo Theater. Singer Billy Eckstine heard her and recommended Sassy to bandleader-pianist Earl Hines, who hired her

both as a singer and as a second pianist. The Earl Hines Orchestra at the time also included Charlie Parker (on tenor) and trumpeter Dizzy Gillespie but tragically the pioneering bebop orchestra did not record due to the Musicians Union strike; not even a radio broadcast exists.

In 1944, Billy Eckstine formed his own big band, soon hiring Sassy along with Gillespie and Parker. While Vaughan only recorded one song with the Eckstine Orchestra, she learned a great deal during this period as can be heard on her first record session as a leader, four titles from 31 December 1944 that are quite boppish.

As a Farah Vaughan left Eckstine in 1945 and, after a few months being featured with the John Kirby Sextet, by early 1946 she was on her own. Her solo career was successful from the start and Vaughan's popularity never dropped. During the next forty years, she was quite consistent and never had an off period.

Sassy's best recordings of the 1946-48 period are on the previously released Naxos compilation *Trouble Is A Man* (8.120763). *Come Rain Or Come Shine* covers 1949-53, the era when, having graduated from Musicraft, Vaughan was recording regularly for Columbia, a major label whose records were well distributed. Branching out beyond the jazz world, Sarah Vaughan was often accompanied by string orchestras during this period as her records were

sold to a pop market. However her singing always retained its jazz sensibilities and much of its spontaneity.

I Cried For You serves as a perfect introduction to the 25-year old's singing. While paying respect to the melody and the words during the two choruses, she also shows off much of her range, altering notes here and there, and showing that there was no limit to what she could do with her voice. The studio big band, led by arranger Hugo Winterhalter, swings and also hints at pebop.

Black Coffee, a lowdown blues with lyrics full of yearning and helplessness, became a hit with Sassy's version reaching No. 13 on the popularity charts. Cole Porter's obscure Bianca is from the same session and has the Joe Lippman Orchestra (which includes a vocal group and a string section) boasting some strong trumpeters and a swinging rhythm section.

During 21-22 December 1949, Sarah Vaughan was featured on two very different sessions. The earlier set begins with a classic ballad rendition of You're Mine, You. Sassy sounds quite beautiful, sliding between unexpected notes. The accompaniment by the Joe Lippman Orchestra on this selection was arranged by the versatile bop writer Tadd Dameron. The band is full of swing all-stars although they stick to ensembles. Hoagy Carmichael's The Nearness Of You starts out with the rarely-heard verse and is taken very slow, with only pianist Jimmy Jones backing Sarah before the full band comes in during the chorus.

At no moment does Vaughan waver or hesitate. Few other singers could swing so confidently at this laidback a tempo. Summertime is also taken at a more relaxed pace than usual, with bassist Ed Safranski adding tension and suspense to the accompaniment.

The following day, Sassy had her first reorded musical reunion with Billy Eckstine, five years after she had sang with his orchestra. Their voices blend together beautifully, showing that Eckstine was one of the few male singers who could hold his own with Vaughan. On Dedicated To You, Mr B even echoes one of her phrases successfully while You're All I Need is a love song sung between two close lifelong friends.

During 18-19 May 1950, Sarah Vaughan recorded her one out-and-out jazz project for Columbia, resulting in eight titles of which six are included here. Sassy is joined by an all-star octet that includes trumpeter Miles Davis and three other cool-toned soloists: clarinettist Tony Scott. trombonist Bennie Green and tenor-saxophonist Budd Johnson. All of the performances are classics and have their memorable moments. Can't Get Out Of This Mood, a song that deserves to be heard more often, has short solos by three of the four horn players, all but the trumpeter. In contrast, Miles Davis is prominent throughout It Might As Well Be Spring and his melancholy horn fits perfectly with Sassy, as does Scott's clarinet at the song's harmonized conclusion.

Mean To Me was formerly closely associated with Billie Holiday, but it is obvious from the beginning of this performance that Vaughan's

interpretation owes nothing to any previous version. Her final chorus is worthy of any major saxophonist. Come Rain Or Come Shine is taken slow and is full of subtle invention. Nice Work If You Can Get It swings happily and has a nice spot for Miles Davis. Vaughan recorded East Of The Sun at her first session as a leader and it remained in her repertoire for over a decade. Lisen to those low notes she hits and holds with apparently no effort.

My Reverie, a classical melody by Debussy that became a hit in the late 1930s for Larry Clinton's orchestra with Bea Wain on the vocal, was revived for a Sarah Vaughan date in 1951. Sassy does things to the melody that one imagines neither Debussy nor Bea Wain could originally imagine.

It has been often said that with her voice, Sarah Vaughan could have been an opera singer. She came closest to that idiom during this era when she sang religious-based material such as her emotional versions of City Called Heaven and Ave Maria.

With its wide intervals and advanced

harmonies, Spring Will Be A Little Late his Year can be a little difficult to sing, but not for Sassy, who glides effortlessly throughout the song. A Blues Serenade, made famous by Bing Crosby twenty years earlier, uses most of Sarah's range. She hits the high notes with as much confidence as the low ones.

This rewarding collection concludes with Perdido, which by 1950 was already a jazz standard. While more closely associated with Ella Fitzgerald who scatted throughout it, Sassy takes "Perdido" slightly slower and emphasizes the words but her performance is no less swineing and miraculous in its own way.

miraculous musical moments in a career that lasted until shortly before her 3 April 1990 death. The music on *Come Rain Or Come Shine* shows just how exciting a singer she already was during the 1949-53 period.

Sarah Vaughan would have many other

Scott Yanow – author of nine jazz books including Jazz On Film, Swing, Bebop, Trumpet Kings and Jazz On Record 1917-76 1. I Cried For You 2:24

(Arthur Freed-Gus Arnheim-Abe Lyman) With Hugo Winterhalter's Orchestra Columbia 38634, mx CO 41762-2

Recorded 28 September 1949, New York

Black Coffee 3:15
 (Sonny Burke-Paul Francis Webster)

With Joe Lippman's orchestra Columbia 38462, mx CO 40386-1 Recorded 20 January 1949, New York

3. Bianca 3:06 (Cole Porter)

8.120773

With vocal group & Joe Lippman's Orchestra
Columbia 38461, mx CO 40375-1

Columbia 38461, mx CO 40375-1 Recorded 20 January 1949, New York

4. You're Mine, You 3:08
(Johnny Green-Edward Heyman)
With Joe Lippman's Orchestra
Columbia 39071, mx CO 42530-1

Recorded 21 January 1949, New York

5. The Nearness Of You 3:18
(Hoagy Carmichael-Ned Washington)
With Joe Lippman's Orchestra

With Joe Lippman's Orchestra Columbia 39071, mx CO 42533-1 Recorded 21 December 1949, New York

6. Summertime 3:11
(George Gershwin-DuBose Heyward)
With Joe Lippman's Orchestra

Columbia 38701, mx CO 42532-1 Recorded 21 December 1949, New York Dedicated To You 2:44
 (Sammy Cahn-Saul Chaplin-Hy Zaret)
 With Billy Eckstine & Joe Lippman's Orchestra
 MGM 10690, mx 49-S-430-3
 Recorded 22 December 1949. New York

8. You're All I Need 3:04
(Bronislaw Kaper-Walter Jurmann-

Gus Kahn)
With Billy Eckstine & Joe Lippman's Orchestra
MGM 10690, mx 49-S-431-1

Recorded 22 December 1949, New York 9. Can't Get Out Of This Mood 2:47

(Frank Loesser-Jimmy McHugh) With George Treadwell's All Stars Columbia 38898, mx CO 43827-1 Recorded 18 May 1950, New York

It Might As Well Be Spring 3:09
 (Richard Rodgers–Oscar Hammerstein II)
 With George Treadwell's All Stars featuring
 Miles Davis

Columbia 38899, mx CO 43828-4 Recorded 18 May 1950, New York

11. **Mean To Me** *2:52*(Roy Turk-Fred Ahlert)
With George Treadwell's All Stars
Columbia 38899, mx CO 43829-2
Recorded 19 May 1950, New York

 Come Rain Or Come Shine 3:22 (Harold Arlen–Johnny Mercer) With George Treadwell's All Stars Columbia 38898, mx CO 43830-1

With George Treadwell's All Stars Columbia 38898, mx CO 43830-1 Recorded 19 May 1950, New York

- 13. Nice Work If You Can Get It 2:34 (George Gershwin-Ira Gershwin) With George Treadwell's All Stars featuring Miles Davis Columbia 38897, mx CO 43831-1 Recorded 19 May 1950, New York
- East Of The Sun (And West Of The Moon) 3:05 (Brooks Bowman)
   With George Treadwell's All Stars Columbia 38896, mx CO 43832-1
   Recorded 19 May 1950. New York
- 15. My Reverie 2:32 (Larry Clinton) With Paul Weston's Orchestra Columbia 39446, mx RHCO 4500 Recorded 1 June 1951, Hollywood
- 16. City Called Heaven 3:26
  (Traditional)
  With Norman Leyden's Orchestra
  Columbia 39207, mx CO 45115-1
  Recorded 17 January 1951, New York

- 17. Ave Maria 3:23
  (Franz Schubert-Theodore Baker)
  With Norman Leyden's Orchestra
  Columbia 39207, mx CO 45114-1
  Recorded 17 January 1951. New York
- Recorded 17 January 1951, New York

  18. Spring Will Be A Little Late This Year
  2:40

  (Frank Loesser)
  With Percy Faith's Orchestra
  Columbia 39963, mx CO 48729-1
  Recorded 5 January 1953, New York
- 19. A Blues Serenade 2:35 (Frank Signorelli-Mitchell Parish) With Percy Faith's Orchestra Columbia 39963, mx CO 48730-1 Recorded 5 January 1953, New York
- Perdido 2:31 (Juan Tizol-Ervin Drake-H. J. Lengsfelder) With Norman Leyden's Orchestra Columbia 39001, mx CO 44309-1 Recorded 5 September 1950. New York

Transfers & Production: David Lennick Digital Restoration: Graham Newton

#### Personnel

Track 1: HUGO WINTERHALTER ORCHESTRA. Andy Ferretti, Billy Butterfield, Jimmy Maxwell, trumpets; Will Bradley, John D'Agostino, Bill Pritchard, trombones; Sid Cooper, Stan Webb, altos; Hank Ross, Harold Feldman, tenors; Bernie Kaufman, baritone; Jimmy Jones, piano; Tony Mottola, guitar; Bob Haggart, bass; Terry Snyder, drums

Tracks 2 & 3: JOE LIPPMAN ORCHESTRA.

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Chris Griffin, Jimmy Maxwell, Red Solomon,
trumpets; Buddy Morrow, John D'Agostino,
trombones; Bernie Kaufman, Harry Terrill, altos;
Hank Ross, Harold Feldman, tenors; Wolfe
Tannenbaum, baritone; Bill Rowland, piano;
Bob Haggart, bass; Bunny Shawker, drums;
string section, unknown vocalists

Billy Butterfield, Taft Jordan, trumpet; Will Bradley, trombone; Toots Mondello, Hymie Schertzer, altos; Art Drellinger, George Kelly, tenors; Stan Webb, baritone; Jimmy Jones, piano; Al Caiola, guitar; Eddie Safranski, bass; Cozy Cole, drums

Tracks 4, 5 & 6: IOE LIPPMAN ORCHESTRA.

Track 7 & 8: JOE LIPPMAN ORCHESTRA.

Toots Mondello, Bernie Kaufman, clarinets, flutes; Art Drellinger, Hank Ross, clarinets, bass clarinets, tenors; Jimmy Jones, piano; Sid Weiss, bass; Bunny Shawker, drums, string section

Track 9: Miles Davis, trumpet: Bennie Green.

trombone; Tony Scott, clarinet; Budd Johnson, tenor; Jimmy Jones, piano; Freddie Green, guitar; Billy Taylor, bass; J.C. Heard, drums

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Track 10: Miles Davis, trumpet; Bennie Green, trombone; Tony Scott, clarinet; Jimmy Jones, piano; Billy Taylor, bass; J.C. Heard, drums

Tracks 11, 12, 13 & 14: Miles Davis, trumpet;
Tony Scott, clarinet; Jimmy Jones, piano;
Mundell Lowe, guitar; Billy Taylor, bass;
L.C. Heard drums

Track 15: PAUL WESTON ORCHESTRA. Ziggy Elman, Zeke Zarchy, Frank Beach, trumpets; Bill Schaefer, Allan Thompson, Elmer Smithers, trombones; Fred Stulce, Harold Lawson, Don Lodice, Babe Russin, Leonard Hartman, saxes; Milt Raskin, piano; George Van Eps, guitar;

John Ryan, bass; Nick Fatool, drums

\*\*Tracks 16 & 17: NORMAN LEYDEN

ORCHESTRA. String orchestra with 10 strings,

Billy Taylor, piano; Frank Carroll, bass

\*\*Tracks 18 & 19: PERCY FAITH ORCHESTRA.

Red Solomon, Jimmy Mlaxwell, Jimmy Milazzo

and one other, trumpets: Will Bradley, Jack

Satterfield, Al Godlis, trombones; Bernie

Kaufman, Jim Abato, Bill Versaci, Harold Feldman, Russ Banser, saxes; Lou Stein, piano; Art Ryerson, guitar; Frank Carroll, bass; Terry Snyder, drums; string section Track 20: MITCH MILLER ORCHESTRA. Red Solomon, Chris Griffin, Jimmy Maxwell, trumpets; Buddy Morrow, Jack Satterfield,

trumpets; Buddy Morrow, Jack Satterfield, trombones; Bill Versaci, Jimmy Abato, John Fulton, Russ Banser, Jimmy Odrick, saxes; Russ Freeman, piano; Mundell Lowe, guitar; Frank Carroll, bass; Terry Snyder, drums The Naxos Historical labels aim to make available the greatest recordings of the history of recorded music, in the best and truest sound that contemporary technology can provide. To achieve this aim, Naxos has engaged a number of respected restorers who have the dedication, skill and experience to produce restorations that have set new standards in the field of historical recordings.

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- 6. Summertime 3:11
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- 8. You're All I Need 3:04
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- 16. City Called Heaven 3:26
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- 18. Spring Will Be A Little Late This Year 2:40
- 19. A Blues Serenade 2:35
- 20. Perdido 2:31

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NOTES AND FULL RECORDING DETAILS INCLUDED www.naxos.com

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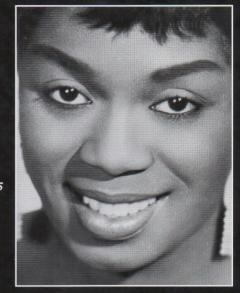


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