



## **SARAH VAUGHAN**

## THE DIVINE SARAH VAUGHAN THE CBS YEARS 1949 - 1953

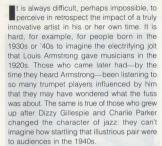
D		

1	BLACK COFFEE	5
2	WHILE YOU ARE GONE	3
3	YOU TAUGHT ME TO LOVE AGAIN3:16 (Carpenter-T. Dorsey-W. Woode) Larry Spier, Inc.	3
4	JUST FRIENDS. 2:58 (S.M. Lewis-J. Klenner) SBK Robbins Music Corp.	)
5	I CRIED FOR YOU	1
6	YOU'RE MINE, YOU	)
7	I'M CRAZY TO LOVE YOU	3
8	SUMMERTIME3:15 (D. Heyward-G. Gershwin) Chappell Music	5
9	THE NEARNESS OF YOU	)
10	AIN'T MISBEHAVIN'. 2:59 (A. Razaf-T. Waller-H. Brooks) Mills Music/Anne-Rachel Music Corp.	)
11	GOODNIGHT MY LOVE	7
12	CAN'T GET OUT OF THIS MOOD	3
13	IT MIGHT AS WELL BE SPRING	)
14	MEAN TO ME. 2:50 (R. Turk-F. Ahlert) Cromwell Music/Fred Ahlert Music/Pencilmark Music	3

#### Disc 2

	COME RAIN OR COME SHINE	
2	(J. Mercer-H. Arten) Chappen Music NICE WORK IF YOU CAN GET IT	:34
3	EAST OF THE SUN (AND WEST OF THE MOON)	:06
	THINKING OF YOU	
	PERDIDO	
	l'LL KNOW	
	DEEP PURPLE	
	MY REVERIE	
	AFTER HOURS	
	PINKY	
	STREET OF DREAMS	
	SPRING WILL BE A LITTLE LATE THIS YEAR	
13	BLUES SERENADE	:36
14	OOH WHAT-CHA DOIN' TO ME	:55





Let us not forget that a fellow composer said that the Fifth Symphony gave proof at last that Beethoven was mad.

Because Sarah Vaughan is now a national treasure, still singing superbly in her 60s, we tend to forget how astonishing she was when she came to stardom in the middle to late 1940s. And startling she was, something unprecedented in jazz and American popular music. Gifted with a voice that would have made her—had she been born into another social class and white, or had she been born two decades later—a candidate for grand opera, she had a jazz musician's hearing, command of the harmonic materials of songs, powers of invention, and utter daring.

She was born Sarah Lois Vaughan in Newark, New Jersey, March 27, 1924. She studied piano from the age of seven and was singing and playing organ at Zion Baptist Church by the time she was twelve. The church experience left an influence on her work. She has an affinity with gospel music, and when she wants to inflect her work with its colorations, she is very good at it. But there is something else to be noted about her. She states flatly: "I am not a blues singer." The blues is a thing unto itself, a specialty, and I can think of no example on record of Sarah Vaughan singing

Her first important break came when she sang "Body And Soul" in an amateur contest at Harlem's famed Apollo Theatre and won. Singer Billy Eckstine, then with the Earl Hines Band, became her champion, and urged Hines to hire her. Hines took her on, and when in 1944 Eckstine formed his own big band, he took the 20-year-old Sarah Vauqhan with him.

The Eckstline band was a pioneering organization in which the bebop movement gestated. For its personnel included Dizzy Gillespie, Charlie Parker, Art Blakey, Budd Johnson and Miles Davis. Though the band lasted only three years, from 1944 to 1947, by which time the big-band era was dying, it would have a lasting influence on American music—and on Sarah Vaughan. For she got her training among some of the most brilliant musicians of

It is notorious that jazz musicians usually don't care for singers. Vaughan was an outstanding exception. The musicians adored her. Indeed, many of them were in awe of her 5



musicianship. Significantly, she made her first recording-with Dizzy Gillespie-not as a singer but as a pianist.

er first vocal recordings soon followed. and took the jazz world by storm. However, it must be remembered that at that time jazz and popular music could not be clearly separated. As Woody Herman used to point out, jazz was the popular music of the land and Vaughan's records were on all the jukeboxes and the radio stations. If she had broken into the pop field, she nonetheless continued to record with some of the finest jazz musicians, from Gillespie and Parker to Lennie Tristano, Clifford Brown, Paul Quinichette and Herbie Mann

She had begun to pick up nicknames. One of them was the Divine Sarah, appropriated from that of Sarah Bernhardt. This sobriquet evolved into The Divine One. Another was Sassy, shortened in time to Sass. It is seen today on her license plate in California, where she lives, and her production company is called Divine One

In January, 1949, Sass began a four-year association with Columbia Records that resulted in the recordings included in this collection. She worked with a number of arrangers and conductors, and, in a particularly memorable pair of sessions, with some of her old associates from the Hines-Eckstine-Gillespie days.

It was about the time that she signed the Columbia contract that I met her for the first time. I 6 was a young newspaper reporter. Sent to interview her. I was in awe of her talent. She was even shyer than I, and the interview led to nothing. Certainly I did not foresee that many years later I would write a lot of songs that she would record.



The Recordings

uring her sojourn atColumbia, Sass recorded a total of 60 sides. Twenty-eight of them are included in this collection. Contrary to the edited memory of sentimentalists for that earlier age, not all the popular music of that period was good. Some of it indeed was pretty bad, and, not because of her work but because of the nature of the songs, much of the rest of the material in that catalog is eminently forgettable.

Her early recordings for the label were done with arranger and conductor Joe Lippman. The exception in this group is the noble old chestnut "I Cried For You." which was arranged and conducted by Hugo Winterhalter.

The Lippman sessions include "Black Coffee." "While You Are Gone," "You Taught Me To Love Again." "Just Friends." "You're Mine, You," "I'm Crazy To Love You," "Summertime" and "The Nearness Of You."

"Black Coffee," by lyricist Paul Francis Webster and composer Sonny Burke, borders on being an art song. It's an interesting comment on the comparatively helpless condition of women in that pre-lib time. "While You Are Gone" and "You Taught Me To Love Again" are what we might call musicians' tunes: Lucky Thompson wrote the former, Tommy Dorsey was one of the writers of the latter. "While You Are Gone" is worth closer exami-

nation, not because it is particularly good but

because of what it tells us about the era. This

kind of lyric was commonplace then, contain-

ing a sort of sappy symbolism of nature's interest and involvement in the love affair of the narrator. Every little breeze seemed to whisper "Louise" in an earlier song, you will recall. In another song, June occurred in January. When something went amiss in amours of that period, all sorts of disruptions of the natural order were liable to occur. The perturbation might be as mild as spring being a little late that year, but in more extreme cases, really serious disasters happened. The sun didn't rise with the dawn. Oceans forgot to roar. Birds forgot how to sing. Rain forgot to fall. It must have played hell with the crops. In "While You Are Gone," fortunately, the worst that happens is the birds did bow their heads. The reason they "did" bow their heads is that the lyricist couldn't figure out how else to cover that

"You Taught Me To Love Again" is typical of another kind of song of the era. There were all sorts of them, such as "I'm Through With Love," in which the character stocked his/her heart with an icy Frigidaire®. The protagonists of these songs were always swearing off love forever, rather like someone kicking dope, and then (in variations on the theme) getting involved again. At the higher levels of the craft, the songs were as good as "Taking A Chance On Love." "You Taught Me To Love Again" is not at that level. If "did" got into the previous song because there was an eighth note the lyricist had to cover, "I" got left off the first line of this song because the lyricist didn't have an eighth note he needed. The tune begins on the fifth. An eighth note pickup on the third in the previous bar would have solved the problem and improved the grammar.

"I Cried For You" is one of the eat-yourheart-out songs. There were all sorts of those, too, but this was far and away the best known. The performance is a particularly interesting illustration of the way Sass could apply the precepts of bebop to singing. This never does much for the lyrics of a song, but her performance shows how she had developed a flexibility rivaling that of the better horn players.

If "You're Mine, You" has a gorgeous melody, it's because Johnny Green wrote it. But the lyric, again, tells us something of the period: the idea of love as a form of possession, 7 indeed of enslavement. "I own you." it says

The arranger in this case is Tadd Dameron. and the brass includes Billy Butterfield and Taft Jordan on trumpets and Will Bradley on trombone. Jimmy Jones is the pianist, Edward Safranski is on bass. The same band is heard on "I'm Crazy To Love You," "Summertime" and "The Nearness Of You." the arranger being Joe Lippman

The next eight songs find her in the surroundings in which she so often was heard to her best advantage: in a small group of jazz players, and reunited with some old friends from the Hines-Eckstine period of her career. The billing of the group is George Treadwell and His All-Stars. Treadwell was, at the time. her manager. He was also her husband. Allstars they are, but Treadwell, a trumpet player, is not heard on these tracks. The name of the arranger on these sessions has been lost, but the personnel on "Ain't Misbehavin'," "Goodnight My Love" and "Can't Get Out Of This Mood" is Jimmy Jones, piano: Budd Johnson, tenor saxophone; Benny Green, trombone; Tony Scott, clarinet; Freddie Green, guitar; Billy Taylor, bass: J.C. Heard, drums: and Miles Davis, trumpet. For "It Might As Well Be Spring," the group is scaled down to a quintet: Jones, Davis, Scott, Taylor and Heard. The full octet is restored for "Mean To Me." "Come Rain Or Come Shine," "Nice Work If You Can Get It" and "East Of The Sun (And West Of The Moon)," except that Mundell Lowe replaces 8 Freddie Green on guitar. All eight tracks were recorded in two sessions on May 18 and 19. 1950. Compare that with the weeks or even months that go into making records today.

The arranger and conductor on the next three songs-"Thinking Of You," "Perdido" and "I'll Know," is Norman Leyden, who had been an arranger for the Glenn Miller Air Force Band during World War II, and later chief arranger for the postwar Miller band led by Tex Beneke, It's an interesting sidelight that Levden hired Henry Mancini as pianist and arranger for the Beneke band. Leyden is now associate conductor of the Oregon Symphony Orchestra.

Paul Weston wrote the arrangements for "After Hours" and "My Reverie." based on Debussy's Reverie. (Debussy reputedly hated this melody, which he wrote when he was a student at the Paris Conservatory.) All the rest of the arrangements in this collection are by Percy Faith.

"Pinky" is from the score of Elia Kazan's 1949 film of the same name. The theme is by Alfred Newman, and it has no lyrics. Nothing could more perfectly illustrate the horn-like quality of Sass's voice.

Sass was just under twenty-five when she began her recordings for Columbia, just under twenty-nine at the conclusion. The tessitura of her voice was higher then. It has grown deeper, darker and lower with time, not so much better as different. The interesting contradiction in these recordings is that her voice sounds so naive but her musicianship is so sophisticated.



Lester Glassner Collection

The Era

ne of the things that strikes one most forcibly, on hearing this and other reissues now coming onto the market, is the naiveté of the time in which these songs were written and recorded. The entire body of popular music implicitly stated that romantic love was the only purpose of life. One was either looking and waiting for it, as in the Frank Loesser song "I'll' Know" and the Gershwin broth-

ers' collaboration "Nice Work If You Can Get It"; in the throes of discovering it, as in "It Might As Well Be Spring" and "The Nearness Of You": suffering from it, as in "Mean To Me": or. enduring the disaster of losing it, with the attendant natural disturbances already noted. after which one was determined never to get involved in it again, not at least until next time. And that love was invariably chaste, although this could not always be said of the singers who celebrated it. In songs, people dreamed of a kiss, a mere kiss.

Sometimes the lyrics of that era approached high poetry, as in Mercer's words to "Come Rain Or Come Shine," and even more so Mitchell Parish's "Deep Purple," which is almost in a class with his "Stardust." Most of the time, they were made of more ordinary stuff.

There was in the songs of that time-for all the naiveté of the expectations they preached -an emphasis on commitment and permanence that I think made for a better society.

There will never be songs of that kind again. The conditions that gave rise to them are gone. And, assuredly, there will never be another singer like Sarah Vaughan to give them

-Gene Lees

Gene Lees, the lyricist of such songs as "Quiet Nights Of Quiet Stars" and "Yesterday I Heard The Rain." is author of Singers And The Song (Oxford University Press) and Oscar Peterson-The Will To Swing. He is also publisher and editor of The Jazzletter, P.O. Box 240. Oiai. CA 93023.



#### **BLACK COFFEE**

PF Webster S. Burke January 20, 1949 New York. Conductor: Joe Lippman Arranger: Joe Lippman Sylvan Shulman, Zelly Smirnoff, Howard Kay, Fred Buldrini (violins); Isador Zir (viola); Maurice Brown (cello): Henry Roos, Harry Terrill, Bernard Kaufman, Wolfe Taninbaum, Harold Feldman (sax); Gordon Griffith, Jimmy Maxwell, Melvin Solomon (trumpet); Muni Morrow, John D'Agostino (trombone); Robert Haggart (bass); Henry W. Rowland (piano); Verlye Mills (harp): Norris Shawker (drums)

#### WHILE YOU ARE GONE

L. Thompson January 25, 1949 New York Conductor: Joe Lippman Sylvan Shulman, Zelly Smirnoff, Fred Buldrini, Howard Kay (violins); Isador Zir (viola); Maurice Brown (cello): Myor Rosen (harp); Melvin Solomon, James Maxwell, Andrew Ferretti (trumpets); Muni Morrow, John D'Agostino (trombones); Henry Ross, Harry Terrill, Bernard Kaufman, Wolfe Taninbaum, Irving Horowitz (sax); Robert Haggart (bass); Henry 10 Rowland (piano); Terry Snyder (drums)

#### YOU TAUGHT ME TO LOVE AGAIN

C. Carpenter, T. Dorsey, W. Woode July 7, 1949 New York. Conductor: Joe Lippman Arranger: Joe Lippman Leo Kruczek, Sam Rand, Felix Orlewitz, Jack Zayde, Sol Deutsch, Ralph Hersh, George Ricci (strings); Sid Cooper Herman Schertzer, Irving Horowitz, Artie Drelinger (sax); Jimmy Jones (piano); Jack Lesberg (bass): Norris Shawker (drums): Al Caiola (quitar)

#### **JUST FRIENDS**

S.M. Lewis, J. Klenner July 7, 1949 New York. Conductor: Joe Lippman Arranger: Joe Lippman Leo Kruczek, Sam Rand, Felix Orlewitz, Jack Zayde, Sol Deutsch, Ralph Hersh, George Ricci (strings); Sid Cooper, Herman Schertzer, Irving Horowitz, Artie Drelinger (sax); Jimmy Jones (piano); Jack Lesberg (bass); Norris Shawker (drums); Al Caiola (quitar)

#### I CRIED FOR YOU

A. Freed, G. Arnheim, A. Luman September 28, 1949 New York, Conductor: Hugo Winterhalter Arranger: Hugo Winterhalter Henry Ross, Sid Cooper, Stan Webb, Harold Feldman, Bernard Kaufman (sax); Andrew Ferretti, Billy Butterfield, Jimmy Maxwell (trumpets); Will Bradley. John D'Agostino, William Pritchard (trombone): Jimmy Jones (piano): Anthony Mottola (quitar); Robert Haggart (bass); Terry Snyder (drums)

#### YOU'RE MINE, YOU

E. Heyman, J. Green December 21, 1949 New York. Conductor: Joe Lippman Arranger: T Dameron Nuncio Mondello, Herman Schertzer, George Kelly Artie Drelinger, Stanley Webb (sax); Billy Butterfield, Taft Jordan (trumpet); Will Bradley (trombone); Jimmy Jones (piano); Al Caiola (quitar); Edward Safranski (bass); William Coles (drums)

#### I'M CRAZY TO LOVE YOU

S. Werner, K. Werner, Marino December 21, 1949 New York Conductor: Joe Lippman Arranger: Joe Lippman Nuncio Mondello, Herman Schertzer, George Kelly, Artie Drelinger, Stanley Webb (sax): Billy Butterfield Taft Jordan (trumpet): Will Bradley (trombone): Jimmy Jones (piano); Al Caiola (quitar); Edward Safranski (bass); William Coles (drums)

#### SUMMERTIME

D. Heyward, G. Gershwin December 21, 1949 New York. Conductor: Joe Lippman Arranger: Joe Lippman Nuncio Mondello, Herman Schertzer, George Kelly, Artie Drelinger, Stanley Webb (sax): Billy Butterfield. Taft Jordan (trumpet): Will Bradley (trombone): Jimmy Jones (piano); Al Caiola (guitar); Edward Safranski (bass): William Coles (drums)

#### THE NEARNESS OF YOU N. Washington, H. Carmichael

December 21, 1949 New York. Conductor: Joe Lippman Arranger: Joe Lippman Nuncio Mondello, Herman Schertzer, George Kelly. Artie Drelinger, Stanley Webb (sax); Billy Butterfield. Taft Jordan (trumpet); Will Bradley (trombone); Jimmy Jones (piano); Al Caiola (guitar); Edward Safranski (bass): William Coles (drums)

#### **AIN'T MISBEHAVIN'**

A Razaf T Waller H Brooks May 18, 1950 Apollo Theatre, New York. George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano): Budd Johnson (tenor sax): Benny Green (trombone); Tony Scott (clarinet); Freddie Green (guitar); Billy Taylor (bass); J.C. Heard (drums): Miles Davis (trumpet)

#### **GOODNIGHT MY LOVE**

M. Gordon, H. Revel May 18, 1950 New York George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano); Budd Johnson (tenor sax); Benny Green (trombone): Tony Scott (clarinet): Freddie Green (quitar): Billy Taylor (bass): J.C. Heard (drums): Miles Davis (trumpet)

#### **CAN'T GET OUT OF THIS MOOD**

F. Loesser, J. McHugh May 18, 1950 New York George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano); Budd Johnson (tenor sax); Benny Green (trombone): Tony Scott (clarinet): Freddie Green (quitar); Billy Taylor (bass); J.C. Heard (drums): Miles Davis (trumpet)

#### IT MIGHT AS WELL BE SPRING

O. Hammerstein II. R. Rodgers May 18 1950 New York George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano): Miles Davis (trumpet): Tony Scott (clarinet); Billy Taylor (bass); J.C. Heard (drums)

#### MEAN TO ME

R. Turk, F. Ahlert May 19, 1950 New York. George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano); Budd Johnson (tenor sax); Benny Green (trombone); Tony Scott (clarinet); Mundell Lowe (electric guitar); Billy Taylor (bass); J.C. Heard (drums); Miles Davis (trumpet)

#### **COME RAIN OR COME SHINE**

J. Mercer, H. Arlen May 19, 1950 New York George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano): Budd Johnson (tenor sax): Benny Green (trombone); Tony Scott (clarinet); Mundell Lowe (electric quitar); Billy Taylor (bass); J.C. Heard (drums); Miles Davis (trumpet)

#### **NICE WORK IF YOU CAN GET IT**

I Gershwin G Gershwin May 19 1950 New York George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano): Budd Johnson (tenor sax): Benny Green (trombone): Tony Scott (clarinet): Mundell Lowe (electric guitar); Billy Taylor (bass); J.C. Heard (drums): Miles Davis (trumpet)

#### EAST OF THE SUN (AND WEST OF THE MOON)

B Bowman May 19, 1950 New York. George Treadwell and His All-Stars Jimmy Jones (piano): Budd Johnson (tenor sax): Benny Green (trombone); Tony Scott (clarinet); Mundell Lowe (electric quitar): Billy Taylor (bass): J.C. Heard (drums); Miles Davis (trumpet)

#### THINKING OF YOU B. Kalmar, H. Ruby

July 27, 1950 New York. Arranger: Norman Leyden Conductor: Norman Levden Bill Versaci, J. Abato, Al Kloves, R. Banzoc, J. Odriche (sax): Melvin Solomon, Gus Griffith, Jimmy Maxwell (trumpet); Will Bradley, B. Morrow, Jack Satterfield (trombone); Mundell Lowe (quitar); Terry Sny-12 der (drums); Frank Carroll (bass)

#### **PERDIDO**

Longsfelder, Drake, Tizol September 5, 1950 New York Personnel not available Arranger: Norman Leyden Norman Levden and His Orchestra

#### I'LL KNOW

Floesser December 6, 1950 New York Arranger: Norman Levden Conductor: Norman Leyden Will Bradley Jack Satterfield, William Bausch (trombone); Bernie Privin, Yank J. Lawsen, Carl Poole (trumpet); Bill Versaci, Al Klink, Richard Banzer, J. Abato, Bill Hitz (sax); Jimmy Jones (piano); Frank Carroll (bass); Bunny Shawker (drums); Mundell Lowe (guitar): Jose Luis Mangual (bongo)

#### DEEP PURPLE

M. Parish, P. DeRose April 4, 1951 New York Arranger: Percy Faith Conductor: Percy Faith George Ockner, E. Green, S. Carmell, Jules Schachter, Raoul Poliakine, A. Pratz (violins); Richard Dickler, F Brieff (viola): F. Miller (cello): Vincent Abato. Bernard Kaufman, Al Freistat, Russell Banzer, E. Brown (woodwinds); Stan Freeman (piano); Art Ryerson (quitar); Terry Snyder (drums); Frank Carroll

#### MY REVERIE

I Clinton June 1, 1951 Hollywood. Arranger: Paul Weston Conductor: Paul Weston Fred Stulce, Harold Lawson, Don Lodice, Babe Russin, Leonard Hartman (sax); Ziggy Elman, Rubin Zarchy, Frank Fletcher-Beach (trumpet): William Schaefer Allan W. Thompson, Elmer Smithers (trombone); John H. Ryan (bass); George Van Eps (guitar); Nick Fatool (drums); Milton W. Raskin (piano)

#### **AFTER HOURS**

R Gordon June 1, 1951 Hollywood Arranger: Paul Weston Conductor: Paul Weston Fred Stulce, Harold Lawson, Don Lodice, Babe Russin, Leonard Hartman (sax); Ziggy Elman, Rubin Zarchy, Frank Fletcher-Beach (trumpet): William Schaefer, Allan W. Thompson, Elmer Smithers (trombone); John H. Rvan (bass); George Van Eps (guitar); Nick Fatool (drums): Milton W. Raskin (piano)

#### PINKY

A Newman September 19, 1951 New York. Arranger: Percy Faith Conductor: Percy Faith Milton Lomask, George Ockner, E. Green, S. Carmell, A. Cores, Jules Schachter (violins); Sidney Brecher, Richard Dickler (viola); L. Laporte (cello); Vincent Abato, N. Mondello, Al Freistat, Richard Banzer, Harold Feldman (woodwinds): Stan Freeman (piano); Art Ryerson (quitar); Frank Carroll (bass); P. Kraus (drums)

#### STREET OF DREAMS

S. Lewis, V. Young March 19, 1952 New York Arranger: Percy Faith Conductor: Percy Faith George Ockner, E. Green, S. Carmell, E. Orloff, D. Asch (violins); Sidney Brecher, Richard Dickler (viola); Bernard Greenhouse (cello); Nuncio Mondello, Al Freistat, William Versaci, Russell Banzer, Paul Ricci (sax); Jack Satterfield, L. Alpeter, A. Godlis (trombone); Robert Kitsis (piano); Art Ryerson (quitar); Frank Carroll (bass); P. Krauss (drums)

#### SPRING WILL BE A LITTLE LATE THIS YEAR

Floesser January 5, 1953 New York Arranger: Percy Faith Conductor: Percy Faith George Ockner, E. Green, A. Pratz, Jules Schachter. D. Asch (violins): Richard Dickler, Sidney Brecher (viola); Vincent Abato, Bernard Kaufman, William Versaci, Richard Banzer, Harold Feldman (sax); Melvin Solomon, Jimmy Maxwell (trumpet): Will Bradley Jack Satterfield, A. Godlis (trombone); Louis Stein (piano); Art Ryerson (quitar); Terry Snyder (drums); Frank Carroll (bass): J. Milozzo, P. Cincillo (additional, musicians)

#### **BLUES SERENADE**

Parish Signorelli January 5, 1953 New York, Arranger: Percy Faith Conductor: Percy Faith George Ockner, E. Green, A. Pratz, Jules Schachter, D. Asch (violins): Richard Dickler Sidney Brecher (viola): Vincent Abato, Bernard Kaufman, William Versaci, Richard Banzer, Harold Feldman (sax); Melvin Solomon, Jimmy Maxwell (trumpet); Will Bradley, Jack Satterfield, A. Godlis (trombone): Louis Stein (piano); Art Ryerson (quitar); Terry Snyder (drums); Frank Carroll (bass); J. Milozzo, P. Cincillo (additional musicians)

#### OOH WHAT-CHA DOIN' TO ME

T. Rogers, A. Fields January 5, 1953 New York Arranger: Percy Faith Conductor: Percy Faith George Ockner, E. Green, A. Pratz, Jules Schachter, D. Asch (violins); Richard Dickler, Sidney Brecher (viola); Vincent Abato, Bernard Kaufman, William Versaci. Richard Banzer, Harold Feldman (sax); Melvin Solomon, Jimmy Maxwell (trumpet): Will Bradley. Jack Satterfield, A. Godlis (trombone); Louis Stein (piano); Art Ryerson (quitar); Terry Snyder (drums); Frank Carroll (bass): J. Milozzo, P. Cincillo (additional) musicians)

## SPRING WILL BE A LITTLE LATE

Loesser

Consumptions and Consumptions and Albert States and Consumptions and Consu

#### NUCE WORK IF YOU CAN GETTT

BLUES SERENATION

JOHN TO SER TO SERVICE

JOHN TO SERVICE

ARRENDE MARKEN DE STORMEN DE L'ELLE PROPERTIES DE L

CON WHAT CHA DOD! TO ME

THERESING OF YOU man your should be seen as the second of You man your should be seen as the second of the second

#### distribution of

Longsfelder, Drake, Tural September 5, 1950 New York: Parsonnel hat welltable Austrages Northers Leyden Norman Leyden great the Orchoten

### LL KNOW WORK LL

Fig. consider

Description D. 1992 Indicated High Control High Control

### P PURPLE Y)

M. Parich, P. Derloss nertwelf A far all redemoted to the property of the prop

#### STREET OF DREAMS -----

DOUGH V. SWOOL STORM STO



COLUMBIA

## SARAH VAUGHAN THE DIVINE SARAH VAUGHAN: **THE CBS YEARS 1949-1953**

1. BLACK COFFEE 2. WHILE YOU ARE GONE 3. YOU TAUGHT ME TO LOVE AGAIN



4. JUST FRIENDS 5. I CRIED FOR YOU 6. YOU'RE MINE, YOU 7, I'M CRAZY TO LOVE YOU 8. SUMMERTIME 9. THE NEARNESS OF YOU 10. AIN'T MISBEHAVIN' 11. GOODNIGHT MY LOVE 12. CAN'T GET OUT OF THIS MOOD 13. IT MIGHT AS WELL BE SPRING 14. MEAN TO ME

The Copyright In This Sound Recording Is Owned By Sony Music Entertainment Inc.

## SARAH VAUGHAN THE DIVINE SARAH VAUGHAN: **THE CBS YEARS 1949-1953**

1. COME RAIN OR COME SHINE 2. NICE WORK IF YOU CAN GET IT



(SDRM) BIEM

465597 2

@ 1988 Sony Music

3. EAST OF THE SUN (AND WEST OF THE MOON) 4. THINKING OF YOU 5. PERDIDO 6. I'LL KNOW 7. DEEP PURPLE 8. MY REVERIE 9. AFTER HOURS 10. PINKY 11. STREET OF DREAMS 12. SPRING WILL BE A LITTLE LATE THIS YEAR 13. BLUES SERENADE 14. OOH WHAT-CHA DOIN' TO ME

The Copyright In This Sound Recording Is Owned By Sony Music Entertainment Inc.

465597

# THE DIVINE SARAH VAUGHAN: THE CBS YEARS 1949 953

WHILE YOU ARE GONE

3 YOU TAUGHT ME TO LOVE AGAIN

4 JUST FRIENDS **5 I CRIED FOR YOU** 

6 YOU'RE MINE, YOU

7 I'M CRAZY TO LOVE YOU

SUMMERTIME I THE NEARNESS OF YOU

10 AIN'T MISBEHAVIN'

**11** GOODNIGHT MY LOVE

12 CAN'T GET OUT OF THIS MOOD 13 IT MIGHT AS WELL BE SPRING

14 MEAN TO ME

Disc 2

COME RAIN OR COME SHINE

2 NICE WORK IF YOU CAN GET IT

3 EAST OF THE SUN (AND WEST OF THE MOON)

[4] THINKING OF YOU

5 PERDIDO 6 I'LL KNOW

7 DEEP PURPLE

**8 MY REVERIE** 

**9 AFTER HOURS** 

10 PINKY

STREET OF DREAMS

12 SPRING WILL BE A LITTLE LATE THIS YEAR

13 BLUES SERENADE

14 OOH WHAT-CHA DOIN' TO ME

@ 1988 Sony Music Entertainment Inc./"Columbia" is the exclusive trademark of Sony Music Entertainment Inc./Distribution Sony Music



(CB 811)

01-465597-10

CX

COL

465597 2